AGING & SEXING FALL TURKEYS

STEP 1: AGE

ADULT OR JUVENILE - Examine the last 1 or 2 wing feathers.





ADULTS
have
rounded
feathers
with white
barring on
tip.



JUVENILES
have narrow pointed
feathers with
no white
bars on the
last 2".

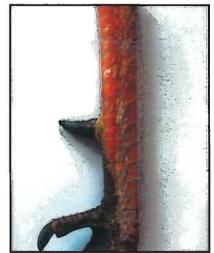
STEP 2: SEX

MALE OR FEMALE Examine breast feathers and legs (adult only)

A. ADULTS:

MALES have black-tipped breast feathers and leg spurs.





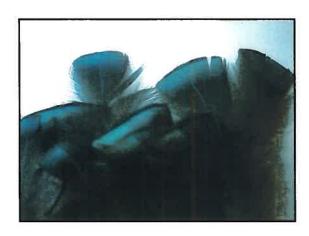
FEMALES have buff-tipped breast feathers and no leg spurs.





B. JUVENILES:

Do not look at the legs, they are similar for young males and females. Instead, examine the breast feathers. You will have to brush your hand against the breast feathers to **look** for new feathers coming in underneath the outer feathers. At the surface, juvenile male and female breast feathers often look the same.



MALES have some blacktipped feathers growing in.



FEMALES have bufftipped breast feathers and no black-tipped feathers growing in.



New Hampshire Fish and Game Department Wildlife Division • 11 Hazen Drive, Concord, NH 03301 • (603) 271-2461

huntnh.com